



Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 1 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

SECTION 1: Identification

Product Identifier

Product Name: WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Product code: WBE-CO-A

Additional information: This SDS cover all color variations of this product

Recommended Use of the Product and Restriction on Use

Relevant Identified Uses: EPOXY SYSTEM (WATER-BASED)- Resin Component

Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

Reasons Why Uses Advised Against: Not determined or not applicable.

Manufacturer or Supplier Details

Manufacturer:

United States

Rhino Linings Corporation

1001 Ed Rutherford Road

Greenville, TX 75402

800-422-2603

www.rhinolinings.com

Emergency Telephone Number:

North America

CHEMTREC

800-424-9300 (24/7)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

GHS Classification:

Flammable liquids, category 4

Acute toxicity (dermal), category 4

Acute toxicity (inhalation), category 4

Skin irritation, category 2

Eye irritation, category 2A

Skin sensitization, category 1

Carcinogenicity, category 1B

Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Chronic aquatic hazard, category 2

Label elements

Hazard Pictograms:



Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 2 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H227 Combustible liquid
H312 Harmful in contact with skin
H332 Harmful if inhaled
H315 Causes skin irritation
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
H350 May cause cancer.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.
P261 Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
P264 Wash any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
P273 Avoid release to the environment
P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
P321 Specific treatment (see Sections 4-8 of this SDS and any supplemental information on the product label).
P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
P312 Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, sand, earth or carbon dioxide to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage
P405 Store locked up
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified: None

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS Number: 25068-38-6	4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	40-60
CAS Number: 2807-30-9	2-(propyloxy)ethanol	1-5

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 3 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

CAS Number: 1333-86-4	Bound Carbon Black	1-3
CAS Number: 64742-52-5	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	0.1-0.5
CAS Number: 64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	0.1-0.5

Additional Information:

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of each ingredient may be held as confidential business information (CBI). Any ingredient not disclosed in this section may have been determined not to be hazardous to health or the environment, or it may be present at a level below its disclosure threshold.

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

Description of First Aid Measures

General Notes:

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance.

After Inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Skin Contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Eye Contact:

Rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After Swallowing:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Acute Symptoms and Effects:

Dermal exposure may cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms may include irritation, redness, pain, rash, inflammation, itching, burning and dermatitis.

Eye contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning and tearing.

Acute inhalation exposure may lead to dizziness, drowsiness, headache, breathing difficulties, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, and lowering of consciousness. Adverse effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Product is combustible. Exposure to sources of ignition may cause physical injury.

Delayed Symptoms and Effects:

Exposure may cause cancer. Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Long term exposure may affect fertility. Symptoms include, but are not limited to: menstrual problems, altered sexual behavior/fertility/ and pregnancy outcome. Long term exposure may also affect

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 4 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

development of the unborn child. Symptoms include, but are not limited to: intrauterine growth retardation, pre-term birth, birth defects and postnatal death.

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Symptoms of exposure may be delayed.

Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Specific Treatment:

Skin/eye burns require immediate treatment.

Notes for the Doctor:

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Do not use water jet.

Specific Hazards During Fire-Fighting:

Combustible liquid. Will be easily ignitable by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions:

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Consider initial evacuation for 300 meters in all directions. If tank/rail car is involved in the fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters in all directions. Fight fire from a maximum distance. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Stand by, at a safe distance, with extinguisher ready for possible re-ignition. A vapor-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution. Do not handle damaged containers unless specialized to do so.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get on skin, eyes or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

Environmental Precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 5 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Avoid breathing dust, mist, fumes, vapors or spray. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Reference to Other Sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Handle containers with caution. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Recommended storage temperature: 10-35°C (50-95°F)

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

Occupational Exposure Limit Values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
ACGIH	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	8-Hour TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (Mineral oil, excluding metal working fluids, pure, highly and severely refined, inhalable fraction)
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	8-Hour TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (Oil mist, mineral; inhalable particulate matter)
	Bound Carbon Black	1333-86-4	8-Hour TWA: 3 mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate matter)
United States(California)	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	8-Hour TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (Oil (mineral) mist, particulate)
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	8-Hour TWA: 400 ppm (Rubber solvent (Naphtha))
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 5 mg/m ³ (Oil mist, mineral, particulate)
	Bound Carbon Black	1333-86-4	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 3.5 mg/m ³
NIOSH	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	REL: 5 mg/m ³ (Oil mist (mineral) -for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek)

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 6 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	IDLH: 2500 mg/m ³ (Oil mist (mineral))
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	REL: 350 mg/m ³ (Petroleum distillates (naphtha) -for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek)
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	Ceiling Limit: 1800 mg/m ³ (Petroleum distillates (naphtha))
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	IDLH: 1100 ppm (Petroleum distillates (naphtha))
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	REL-TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (Oil mist, mineral [up to 10 hr])
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	IDLH: 2500 mg/m ³ (Oil mist, mineral)
	Bound Carbon Black	1333-86-4	IDLH: 1750 mg/m ³
	Bound Carbon Black	1333-86-4	REL-TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ (in the presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons [up to 10 hr])
	Bound Carbon Black	1333-86-4	REL-TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ (up to 10 hr)
OSHA	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	PEL: 5 mg/m ³ (OIL MIST (MINERAL))
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	PEL: 2000 mg/m ³ (PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (NAPHTHA) (RUBBER SOLVENT))
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	PEL: 500 ppm (PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (NAPHTHA) (RUBBER SOLVENT))
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ (OIL MIST (MINERAL))
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	TWA: 400 ppm (PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (NAPHTHA) (RUBBER SOLVENT))
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	64742-52-5	TWA: 1600 mg/m ³ (PETROLEUM DISTILLATES (NAPHTHA) (RUBBER SOLVENT))
	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 5 mg/m ³ (Oil mist, mineral)
	Bound Carbon Black	1333-86-4	8-Hour TWA-PEL: 3.5 mg/m ³

Biological Limit Values:

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Information on Monitoring Procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 7 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

equivalent).

Personal Protection Equipment

Eye and Face Protection:

Safety glasses or goggles. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Skin and Body Protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

General Hygienic Measures:

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Viscous Liquid
Odor	Slight ammonia-like
Odor threshold	Not determined or not available.
pH	Not determined or not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available for mixture; EGME: -75°C (-103°F)
Initial boiling point/range	Not available for mixture; EGME: 150-153°C (302-307°F)
Flash point (closed cup)	Not available for mixture; EGME: 48°C (118°F)
Evaporation rate	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not determined or not available.
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Vapor pressure	Not determined or not available.
Vapor density	Not determined or not available.
Density	Not determined or not available.
Relative density	Not available for mixture; EGME: 0.913 g/cm ³ at 25°C (77°F)
Solubilities	Not determined or not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available for mixture; EGME: log Pow: 0.673 at 40°C (104°F)
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	>200°C; PMGE: 287°C (549°F)
Decomposition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Dynamic viscosity	Not determined or not available.

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 8 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Kinematic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Explosive properties	Not determined or not available.
Oxidizing properties	Not determined or not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity:

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur by itself. Reaction of more than one pound (0.5 kg) of product with an aliphatic amine will cause irreversible polymerization with considerable heat build-up.

Chemical Stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid:

Excessive heat (temperatures exciding the flash point), open flame and sparks, mist formation.

Incompatible Materials:

Strong oxidizing agents, alkali metals; nitrous acid and other nitrosating agents, organic (i.e. acetic and citric acid) and mineral acids, peroxides, sodium hypochlorite. Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminum, zinc and galvanized surfaces.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. In fire conditions, depending on temperature, air supply and presence of other materials, decomposition products can include, but are not limited to carbon and nitrogen oxides, nitric acid, ammonia, amines, nitrosamines, formaldehyde, hydrogen cyanide, lower molecular weight organic molecules. Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapors to form corrosive nitric acid. Creates dense black smoke when burned without sufficient oxygen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Assessment:

Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Route	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	oral	LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: 2.18 mg/L (4 hr [aerosol])
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	oral	LD50 Rat: > 15,000 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: >2.4 mg/L (4 hr [aerosol])
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: > 5000 mg/kg
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	oral	LD50 Rat: 11400 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: > 22800 mg/kg

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 9 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Name	Route	Result
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 1337 mg/kg
	oral	LD50 Rat: 3089 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: > 9.80 mg/L (4 hr [Vapor])
Bound Carbon Black	oral	LD50 Rat: > 2000 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: >= 4.6 mg/L (4 hr [dust])

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes skin irritation.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Assessment:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Causes serious eye irritation.
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

Assessment:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment:

May cause cancer.

Product Data: No data available.

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 10 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Substance Data:

Name	Species	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic		May cause cancer.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic		May cause cancer.
Bound Carbon Black	Not applicable.	The carcinogenic classification only applies to airborne, unbound particles of respirable size.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Group 3
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Group 1
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Not Applicable
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Not Applicable
Bound Carbon Black	Group 2B

National Toxicology Program (NTP):

Name	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Not Applicable
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Known to be human carcinogens
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Not Applicable
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Not Applicable
Bound Carbon Black	Not Applicable

OSHA Carcinogens:

Ingredient Name	CAS	OSHA Carcinogens Status
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	Yes
Bound Carbon Black	1333-86-4	Yes

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Reproductive Toxicity

Assessment:

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 11 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data: No data available.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Causes damage to adrenals, bones through prolonged or repeated dermal exposure [Adrenals, bone marrow, liver, lymph nodes, kidney, stomach and thymus].

Aspiration toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data:

No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Information on Likely Routes of Exposure:

No data available.

Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical, and Toxicological Characteristics:

No data available.

Other Information:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Acute (Short-Term) Toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 12 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: > 100 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: > 10,000 mg/L (48 hr [mobility, Read-across substance data])
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: > 100 mg/L (96 hr [LL50 - mortality])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: > 10,000 mg/L (48 hr [EL50 - mobility, Read-across substance data])
	Fish LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: >5000 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: >1000 mg/L (48 hr)
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 2 mg/L (48 hr [mobility])
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Scenedesmus capricornutum: 9.4 mg/L (72 hr [biomass])
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: >5000 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: >100 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate])
Bound Carbon Black	Fish LC50 Danio rerio: > 1000 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: > 100 mg/L (72 hr [growth rate and cell number])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: >100 mg/L (48 hr [immobilisation and toxicity])

Chronic (Long-Term) Toxicity Assessment:

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 10 mg/L (21 d [reproduction])
	Fish NOEC Oncorhynchus mykiss: ≥ 1000 mg/L (14 d [mortality, QSAR data])
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 10 mg/L (21 d [NOEL - reproduction, Read-across substance data])
	Fish NOEC Oncorhynchus mykiss: >=1000 mg/L (14 d [NOEL-mortality, Read-across substance data])
Bound Carbon Black	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 4.9 mg/L (16 d [immobilization; QSAR])

Persistence and Degradability

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	The substance is inherently biodegradable, 31% degradation in water, measured by O2 consumption after 28 days (Read-across data).
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Standard biodegradability studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 13 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

Name	Result
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	The substance is not readily biodegradable. 5% degradation in water, measured by O ₂ consumption after 28 days.
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	The substance is readily biodegradable. 100% degradation in water, measured by O ₂ consumption, after 20 days.
Bound Carbon Black	Persistence assessment based on biodegradability is not relevant for inorganic compounds such as this substance.

Bioaccumulative Potential

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Standard bioaccumulation studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Standard bioaccumulation studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	The substance has the potential to bioaccumulate (log Pow: 3 at 25 °C).
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (log Pow: 0.673 at 40 °C).
Bound Carbon Black	Bioaccumulation assessment using a classic BCF assessment is not considered relevant for inorganic compounds such as this substance.

Mobility in Soil

Product Data: No data available.

Substance Data:

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Standard adsorption/desorption studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Standard adsorption/desorption studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	The substance is highly mobile, therefore, adsorption to soil and sediment is not expected (log K _{oc} : 0.19).
Bound Carbon Black	Mobility in soil assessment based on K _{OC} /K _d values are not relevant for inorganic compounds such as this substance.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product Data:

PBT assessment: This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT.

vPvB assessment: This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

Substance Data:

PBT assessment:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Standard PBT studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Standard PBT studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 14 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

2-(propyloxy)ethanol	The substance is not PBT.
Bound Carbon Black	PBT assessment does not apply to inorganic compounds such as this substance.

vPvB assessment:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Standard vBvB studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Standard vBvB studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
2-(propyloxy)ethanol	The substance is not vPvB.
Bound Carbon Black	vPvB assessment does not apply to inorganic compounds such as this substance.

Other Adverse Effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. If product becomes a waste, it does not meet criteria of hazardous waste as defined in 40 CFR 261, Subpart C and D. Do not discharge into sewer system. Spill cleanup residues may still be subject to RCRA storage and disposal requirements.

Dispose waste in compliance with local, state and federal regulations via licensed waste disposal contractor.

Contaminated packages:

Even after emptying, container may retain residues. Containers should be completely emptied and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed through licensed contractor in accordance with government regulation. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

United States Transportation of Dangerous Goods (49 CFR DOT)

UN Number	Not regulated
UN Proper Shipping Name	Not regulated
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	None
Packing Group	None
Environmental Hazards	None
Special Precautions for User	None

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN Number	UN3082
UN Proper Shipping Name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXY RESIN)
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	9  
Packing Group	III
Environmental Hazards	Marine Pollutant
Special Precautions for User	None

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 15 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)

UN Number	UN3082
UN Proper Shipping Name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXY RESIN)
UN Transport Hazard Class(es)	9  
Packing Group	III
Environmental Hazards	Marine Pollutant
Special Precautions for User	None

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

United States Regulations

Inventory Listing (TSCA): All ingredients are listed-active or exempt.

Significant New Use Rule (TSCA Section 5): None of the ingredients are listed.

Export Notification under TSCA Section 12(b): None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: None of the ingredients are listed.

SARA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

2807-30-9	2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Listed
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CERCLA:

2807-30-9	2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Listed	&
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RCRA:

2807-30-9	2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Listed	D001
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Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA): None of the ingredients are listed.

Massachusetts Right to Know:

64742-52-5	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Listed
64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Listed
1333-86-4	Bound Carbon Black	Listed

New Jersey Right to Know:

64742-52-5	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Listed
64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Listed
2807-30-9	2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Listed
1333-86-4	Bound Carbon Black	Listed

New York Right to Know:

2807-30-9	2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Listed
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Pennsylvania Right to Know:

64742-52-5	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Listed
64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	Listed
2807-30-9	2-(propyloxy)ethanol	Listed
1333-86-4	Bound Carbon Black	Listed

California Proposition 65: None of the ingredients are listed.

Additional information: Not determined.

Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

Page 16 of 16

Revision date: 03.20.2026

WB Epoxy Color Resin- Part A

SECTION 16: Other Information

Abbreviations and Acronyms: None

Disclaimer:

The data set forth in this sheet are based on information provided by the suppliers of the raw materials and chemicals used in the manufacture of the aforementioned product. Rhino Linings Corporation makes no warranty with respect to the accuracy of the information provided by their suppliers, and disclaims all liability of reliance thereof. Sections 11/12 Disclaimer (Toxicity/Ecotoxicity): This product itself has not been tested. Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Section 14 (Transport Information): Information provided in Section 14 is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

NFPA: 2-2-0

HMIS: 2*-2-0

Initial Preparation Date: 09.21.2011

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Revision Notes:

Revision Date	Notes
2011-09-21	Internal Review
2016-02-02	Internal Review
2026-03-20	Internal Review

End of Safety Data Sheet