Part No.: 60219

Date: June 6, 2022

PRODUCT NAME(S): HiChem[™] 11-70 Resin

Manufacturer's Info:		
Rhino Linings Corporation		
9747 Businesspark Avenue		
San Diego, CA 92131		

Information phone: (858) 450 0441 Emergency contact: CHEMTREC (800) 424 9300

SECTION 2 - HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

Recommended Use:

HiChem[™] 11-70 Resin

For Professional and Industrial Use Only

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard:

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS-Label Elements:

Signal Word: WARNING Pictogram(s):



Classification of the substance or mixture:

Hazard Class	Category	Hazard Statement Codes	Hazard Statements
Acute Toxicity – Oral	4	H302	Harmful if swallowed
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	3	H316	Causes mild skin irritation
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	2B	H320	Causes eye irritation
STOT-RE	2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Pancreas)
Aquatic Hazard – Acute	3	H402	Harmful to aquatic life
Aquatic Hazard – Chronic	3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention:	P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
	P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P260	Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray.
	P264	Wash exposed area with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

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Response:	P301+P330+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.
	P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
	P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage:	P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	P501	Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC): Methemoglobin

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Components	CAS #	EC #	Concentration, %
Polyether Polyol Blend	Trade Secret	Trade Secret	50 – 75
Diethyltoluenediamine	68479-98-1	270-877-4	10 – 25
Zeolites	1318-02-1	930-915-9	1-5
Confidential Component	Trade Secret	Trade Secret	1-5

SECTION 4 – FIRST-AID MEASURES			
Description of	First Aid measures:		
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory problems, seek medical attention.		
Skin:	Wash material off of the skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately and wash them before reuse. Get medical advice/attention if irritation persists.		
Eye:	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes, especially under the eyelids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. Do not rub eyes in order to prevent corneal injury. Get medical advice/attention if eye irritation persists.		
Ingestion:	Move to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Remove dentures if any. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and then drink 60 to 240 mL (2 to 8 oz). Get medical advice/attention if symptoms occur.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed: See Section 11 for more details.

General advice for First Aid responders: No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If potential for exposure exist refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment. Show this SDS to physician.

Note to physician: Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgment of the physician in response to the reaction of the patient. Recommended medical monitoring for at least 24 hours.

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This product contains Diethyltoluenediamine (DETDA). This may cause methemoglobin formation resulting in a reduced ability of the blood to carry oxygen; a symptom may include cyanosis. Immediately give oxygen if victim turns blue (lips, ears, fingernails). Since reversion of methemoglobin to hemoglobin occurs spontaneously after termination of exposure, moderate degrees of cyanosis need to be treated only by supportive measures.

SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog or fine spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Direct water stream may cause frothing, splattering of burning material and spreading of fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Material may be ignited only if preheated to high temperatures (such in fire conditions). Fire in vicinity poses risk of pressure build-up and rupture. Containers at risk from fire should be cooled with water and, if possible, removed from the danger area. Hazardous combustion products: carbon and nitrogen oxides, amines, hydrogen cyanide, lower molecular weight organic molecules, oxides of metals present in mixture (Section 3).

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for fire-fighters: Wear NIOSH or OSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus in positive pressure mode with full face piece and full protective gear. Isolate the scene by removing all persons from the incident area. No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Spilled product will cause very slippery walking surfaces.

SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Ensure adequate ventilation/exhaust extraction. Avoid breathing vapors or mist during clean up. Use protective equipment as described in Section 8. Do not touch or walk through spilled material; spilled material may cause a slipping hazard.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution. Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. See Section 12 for more details.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Remove mechanically; cover the remainder with non-combustible absorbent material (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth). Following absorption, transfer into properly labeled chemical waste containers. If necessary, repeat application of absorbent material until all liquid has been removed from the surface. Wash the spill site with soap and water. Cover container and remove from work to a well ventilated area. Properly dispose of the waste material and any contaminated equipment (i.e., broom or brush) in accordance with existing federal, state and local regulations.

For major spills: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or contain and collect with an absorbent material as described in the previous paragraph.

For minor spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly with soap and water to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

Residues from spill cleanup may continue to be regulated under provisions of RCRA and require storage and disposal as hazardous waste. For major spills, see Section 1 for the Emergency contact; for further disposal measures, see Section 13.

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SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Protect chemical from atmospheric moisture. Avoid prolonged exposure to heat and air. Keep away from sources of ignition. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limits. Do not breathe vapors and mists. Wear respiratory protection if material is heated, mixed, sprayed or used in a confined space. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate eye and skin protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Hands and/or face should be washed before eating, drinking and smoking and at the end of the shift. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in original or approved alternative container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Protect it against physical damage and moisture. Normal temperature and pressures do not affect the material. Keep liquid away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Segregate from acids and acid forming substances.

Storage stability: Stable under normal conditions. **Storage temperature:** 60 - 90°F (16 – 32°C)

Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Employees and consumers should be warned of health risks associated with product use. See Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters/Occupational exposure limit values: No components are listed in the OSHA Occupational Chemical and/or OARS-WEEL Database.

Appropriate engineering controls: Good local and general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants below recommended exposure limits. Local exhaust may be required in some areas.

Personal protective equipment:

Eye/face protection:

When directly handling liquid product, eye protection is required. Examples of eye protection include safety glasses and goggles or full face shield when there is a greater risk of splash. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with chemicals.

Skin/body protection:

Impervious gloves (nitrile butyl rubber, neoprene and PVC) should be worn always when working with this product. Body should be covered with appropriate clothing (apron, arm covers or full body suit) depending on the task being performed and the risks involved. Protective clothing should be selected and used in accordance with "Guidelines for the Selection of Chemical Protective Clothing" published by ACGIH. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Store work clothing separately. Appropriate footwear should be also selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Respiratory protection:

Use local or general ventilation to control exposures below applicable exposure limits. When ventilation is inadequate, use either an atmosphere supplying respirator or NIOSH or OSHA approved air-purifying respirator for organic vapors. Respirator must be properly fitted and its selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Additional Protective Measures: Educate and train employees in safe handling of this product. Follow all label instructions. As a general hygiene practice, wash hands and face after use. Clean water should always be readily available for emergency skin and eye washing. Emergency eyewash fountains and safety shower are recommended in close proximity as a matter of good work practice.

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SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
Appearance:	Liquid	
Odor:	Slightly ammonia-like	
Odor threshold:	Not available	
pH:	8 - 10	
Melting point/ freezing point:	Not available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	>200°C	
Flash point:	>200°C	
Evaporation rate:	Not applicable	
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable	
Upper/ lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not applicable	
Vapor pressure:	Negligible	
Vapor density:	Not available	
Relative density:	1.00-1.10 @ 25°C (77°F)	
Solubility (water):	Very slightly soluble	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature:	>250°C	
Decomposition temperature:	Not available	
Viscosity:	Not available	

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization. Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated. Based on its structural properties the product is not classified as oxidizing. Does not form flammable gases in the presence of water.

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. Product is hygroscopic; contamination with moisture will negatively affect product performance. Avoid unintended contact with isocyanates; the reaction will generate heat.

Conditions to avoid: Unintentional contact with moisture, excessive heat, open flame and sparks. Avoid mist formation. **Incompatible materials**: Strong oxidizing agents. Water, alcohols, amines, bases, acids, copper, aluminum and zinc alloys.

Hazardous decomposition products: Depend upon temperature, air supply and presence of other materials. Can include, but are not limited to carbon and nitrogen oxides, amines, hydrogen cyanide, lower molecular weight organic molecules, oxides of metals present in mixture (Section 3).

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SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Skin and Eye Contact, Inhalation and Ingestion.

Symptoms of exposure:

Acute Toxicity:

Oral:

Harmful if swallowed.

Adverse symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea and diarrhea.

Dermal:

Not classified.

Adverse symptoms may include irritation and redness.

Inhalation:

Not classified.

Inhalation is unlikely due to the low vapor pressure. However, if handled at elevated temperatures, it may give off-gas, vapor or mist that is very irritating to the respiratory system. Adverse symptoms may include nausea, headache, difficulties with breathing.

 DETDA, CAS #: 68479-98-1: Inhalation, skin absorption or ingestion may cause methemoglobin formation resulting in a reduced ability of the blood to carry oxygen; a symptom may include cyanosis (purplish-blue coloring of the skin, fingernails, and lips).

Skin corrosion / irritation:

Causes mild skin irritation.

Adverse symptoms may include irritation and redness.

Serious eye damage / eye irritation:

Causes eye irritation.

Adverse symptoms may include tearing and redness.

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure:

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard:

Not classified.

Chronic Toxicity:

Respiratory and Skin Sensitizer:

Not classified.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Not classified.

Carcinogenicity:

Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity:

Not Classified.

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure:

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Liver, kidney, pancreas, respiratory system/lungs.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure:

Liver, kidney, pancreas, respiratory system/lungs and skin disorders if product is handled without adequate protection.

Toxicity test results:

This product itself has not been tested. Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.

Components	Test Results
Polyether Polyol Blend CAS # Trade secret	Acute Toxicity
	Oral LD50 (Rat): >5,000 mg/kg; may cause mild gastrointestinal effects including nausea and diarrhea.
	Dermal LD50 (Rabbit): >2,000 mg/kg
	Inhalation LC50 (Rat): >200 mg/l, 1 h; not expected to cause any significant respiratory tract effects.
	Skin corrosion/irritation (Rabbit): May cause slight irritation, but not expected to cause serious damage.

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Rabbit): May cause irritation (redness), but not expected to cau	se
serious damage.	
Aspiration hazard: No	
Chronic Toxicity	
Sensitization, skin and respiratory: Not sensitizer	
Germ cell mutagenicity: Risk to humans is not expected from exposure to this product.	
Carcinogenicity: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is	
identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC, NTP, OSHA and ACGIH.	
Reproductive toxicity: Risk to humans is not expected from exposure to this product.	
STOT-SE: Risk to humans is not expected from exposure to this product.	
STOT-RE: No known or reported target organs from repeated exposure.	
Acute Toxicity	
Oral LD50 (Rat): 738 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)	
Dermal LD50 (Rat): >2,000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)	
Inhalation: No test data available.	
Skin corrosion/irritation (Rabbit): Non-irritating (OECD Test Guideline 404)	
Eye Irritation (Rabbit): Irritating (US-EPA)	
Chronic Toxicity	
Skin Sensitization (Guinea pig): Negative (intracutaneous test)	
Germ cell mutagenicity: Positive and negative results were seen in various in Vitro and in Vivo stud	ies.
Reproductive toxicity: Oral (Rat, females), Dose: 0, 50, 150, 500 mg/kg	
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 50 mg/kg body weight	
Teratogenicity: No observed adverse effect level: 500 mg/kg body weight	
Embryo-fetal toxicity: No observed adverse effect level: 150 mg/kg body weight	
Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally tox	vic

	STOT-RE: Not classified. Effects on kidney were observed in rats and dogs administered high dose levels in their feed for one month. Effect on blood, chronic pneumonitis and acute bronchopneumonia were
	Reproductive toxicity: No adverse effects in rats and rabbits or their offspring following administration in the drinking water during pregnancy. STOT-SE: Not classified.
	Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP or EPA classification.
	Germ cell mutagenicity: Risk to humans is not expected from exposure to this product.
CAS # 1318-02-1	mists created by heating, mixing or spraying.
	opposed to an inhalable fine powder form. However, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing
CAS # 1318-02-1	Respiratory - Negative effects of the Zeolites are minimized since they are dispersed in a liquid as
Zeolites	Sensitization: Skin - Not sensitizer (Guinea pig maximization test).
	Chronic Toxicity
	Aspiration hazard: No
	irritation.
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Rabbit): Slightly irritant. May cause abrasion or mechanical
	Skin corrosion/irritation (Rabbit): Slightly irritant. May cause dehydration.
	Inhalation LC50 (Rat)(dust/aerosol): >5.3 mg/l, 4 h. Slight irritant.
	Dermal LD50 (Rabbit): Not data available
	Oral LD50 (Rat): >5,110 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401); May cause gastrointestinal tract irritation.
	Acute Toxicity
	Pancreas damage.
	(Rabbit), 21 day, Dose: 1-10-100mg/kg, NOEL: ≥10 mg/kg. Chronic ingestion may cause liver damage.
	STOT-SE: No test data available. STOT-RE: Oral (Rat), 90 days, Dose: 50-125-320ppm, NOEL: \geq 8 mg/kg; LOEL: \geq 21 mg/kg; Dermal
	LOAEL: >=3.2 STOT-SE: No test data available.
	Carcinogenicity: Rat, Male/Female, oral, 2 years, daily positive Rat, Male/Female, oral, 2 years, daily
	doses (OECD Test Guideline 414)
	Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic
	Embryo-fetal toxicity: No observed adverse effect level: 150 mg/kg body weight
CAS # 68479-98-1	Teratogenicity: No observed adverse effect level: 500 mg/kg body weight
(DETDA)	General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 50 mg/kg body weight
Diethyltoluenediamine	Reproductive toxicity: Oral (Rat, females), Dose: 0, 50, 150, 500 mg/kg
	Germ cell mutagenicity: Positive and negative results were seen in various in Vitro and in Vivo studies.
	Skin Scholization (Samed Pig). Negative (intracataneous test)

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	observed in dogs. Long-term inhalation by rats and dogs produced inflammation in the lungs
	associated with accumulation of particulate.
	Acute Toxicity
	Oral LD50 (Rat): >5,000 mg/kg
	Dermal LD50 (Rabbit): >5,000 mg/kg
	Inhalation LC50: >5 mg/L (4H)
	Skin corrosion/irritation: Not irritating to the skin.
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.
Confidential Component	Aspiration Hazard: No data available.
CAS # Trade Secret	Chronic Toxicity
	Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not classified.
	Germ cell mutagenicity: No data available
	Carcinogenicity: Not classified.
	Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.
	STOT-SE: Not classified.
	STOT-RE: Not classified.

The products in question have been evaluated against the Hazardous Products Regulations (WHMIS 2015) and no additional classifications, ingredient disclosure or exposure limits are required for those regulations.

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Acutely and chronically hazardous for aquatic organisms. Do not release into natural waters.

Persistence and degradability:

Not readily biodegradable by OECD criteria. In contact with water the substance will hydrolyze slowly.

Bioaccumulative potential:

No significant accumulation in organisms is expected.

Mobility in soil:

Not known.

Other adverse effects:

Not known.

Ecotoxicity test results:

This product itself has not been tested. Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.

Components	Test Results
Polyether Polyol Blend	Acute Toxicity
CAS # Trade secret	Fish LC50: >100 mg/, 96 h (based on available data and comparison to similar compounds)
Diethyltoluenediamine (DETDA) CAS # 68479-98-1	Acute ToxicityFish LC50 (Fathead minnow): >106 mg/l, 96 h (OECD Guideline 203)Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 (Daphnia magna): 5.8 mg/l, 48 h (OECD Guideline 202)Algae ErC50 (Green algae): 104 mg/l, 72 h (OECD Guideline 201)Ecological DataMicroorganisms EC50 (bacterium): >170 mg/l, 24 h (DIN 38412 Part 8)Biodegradation, 28days: <1 % (OECD Guideline 301D); COD: 2,370 mg/g
Zeolites CAS # 1318-02-1	Acute Toxicity Fish LC50 (fathead minnow): >680 mg/l, 96 h (EPA 72-1, static). The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The LC50 is higher than the solubility limit. Aquatic invertebrates EC50 (Daphnia magna): 2,808 mg/l, 24 h (OECD Test Guideline 202, part 1, static) Aquatic plants EC50 (Green algae): >328 mg/l, 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 201, static). The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. Tested above maximum solubility. The product has low solubility in the test medium. An eluate has been tested.

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	Microorganisms EC50 (Bacteria): 950 mg/l, 16 h (Growth inhibition) (DIN 38412, Part 8). The product		
	has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure		
	or composition. The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low		
	solubility in the test medium. An eluate has been tested.		
	Chronic Toxicity		
	Fish (fathead minnow), 30days: NOEC: ≥86.7 mg/L (OPP 72-5, EPA-Guideline, Flow through). The		
	statement of the toxic effect relates to the analytically determined concentration.		
	Aquatic invertebrates (Daphnia magna), 21days: NOEC: 32 mg/L (OECD Test Guideline 211, semistatic).		
	The details of the toxic effect relate to the nominal concentration. The product has low solubility in the		
	test medium. An eluate has been tested.		
	Ecological Data		
	Biodegradability: Not readily biodegradable. The product is virtually insoluble in water and can thus be		
	separated from water mechanically in suitable effluent treatment plants. It cannot be eliminated from		
	water by biological purification processes.		
	Mobility in soil: Transport between environmental compartments: Study scientifically not justified.		
Confidential Component	No tost data susilable		
CAS # Trade Secret	No test data available.		

SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product Disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. If product becomes a waste, it does not meet criteria of hazardous waste as defined in 40 CFR 261, Subpart C and D. Do not discharge into sewer system. Spill cleanup residues may still be subject to RCRA storage and disposal requirements. Dispose waste in compliance with local, state and federal regulations via licensed waste disposal contractor.

Container disposal: Even after emptying, container may retain residues. Empty containers should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed through licensed contractor in accordance with government regulation. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION		
Land transport, U.S. DOT:	Non-regulated	
Sea transport, IMDG:	Non-regulated	
Air transport, IATA/ICAO:	Non-regulated	

NOTE: This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

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SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act:

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302) Components:

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Refer to hazard classification information in Section 2.

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355, Appendix A) Components:

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65) - Supplier Notification Required Components:

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

US. EPA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Composite List of Hazardous Wastes and Appendix VIII Hazardous Constituents (40 CFR 261):

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the person who generates a solid waste, as defined in 40 CFR 261.2, to determine if that waste is a hazardous waste.

State Right-To-Know Information

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements, you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

Massachusetts, New Jersey, Pennsylvania or Rhode Island Right to Know Substance Lists:

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

California Prop. 65 Components:

This product contains no substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute unless otherwise listed. For more information, visit www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

NFPA Hazard Rating:

HEALTH	FIRE	INSTABILITY	SPECIFIC
2	1	0	
0 = Normal 1 = Slight 2 = Hazardous	(Flash Points)	0 = Stable 1 = Unstable if Heated	ACID (Acid) ALK (Alkaline) COR (Corrosive)
3 = Extreme Danger 4 = Deadly	0 = Will not burn 1 = Above 200°F	2 = Violent Chemical Change	OXY (Oxidizer) 🛛 🖶 (Use No Water)
	2 = Below 200°F 3 = Below 100°F	3 = Shock and Heat May Detonate	
	4 = Below 73°F	4 = May Detonate	

HMIS Hazard Rating:

HEALTH	FLAMMABILITY	REACTIVITY	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT
2*	1	0	х
0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe *CHRONIC			X = Ask your Supervisor or Safety Specialist
			for handling instructions

Canada regulations/legislation:

Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR): This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR). Domestic Substance List (DSL)/Non-Domestic Substance List (NDSL): All ingredients are listed on the DSL/NDSL.

International Regulations/Inventories:

No additional data available.

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SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION			
LEGEND			
GHS	Globally Harmonized System		
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Services		
EC	European Community		
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency		
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration		
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists		
NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health		
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limits		
TLV	Threshold Limit Value		
REL	Recommended Exposure Limit		
TWA	Time-Weighted Average		
STEL	Short-term exposure limit		
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer		
NTP	National Toxicology Program		
COD / BOD	Chemical Oxygen Demand / Biological Oxygen Demand		
STOT-SE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity following Single Exposure		
STOT-RE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity following Repeated Exposure		
DOT	Department of Transportation		
IMDG	International maritime dangerous goods code		
IATA, ICAO	International Air Transport Association, International Civil Aviation Organization		
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act		
EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act		
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act		
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations		
RQ	Reportable Quantity		
EHS	Extremely Hazardous Substances		
DSL	Domestic Substance List		
WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System		

Latest revision date: June 6, 2022 – Internal Review Date of the previous revision: July 5, 2016

Disclaimer: The data set forth in this sheet are based on information provided by the suppliers of the raw materials and chemicals used in the manufacture of the aforementioned product. **Rhino Linings Corporation** makes no warranty with respect to the accuracy of the information provided by their suppliers, and disclaims all liability of reliance thereof.